

7.

Punjab Public Service Commission Assistant District Attorney Punjab 2016 PAPER- II

Q.1 The main object of Section 92 of Civil Procedure Code, 1908:

- (A) To afford protection to public trusts and to prevent vexatious proceedings
- (B) To provide alternative dispute resolution method which may not be bound by any specific procedure and resolve the dispute expeditiously
- (C) To minimize the delay in finality of decision
- (D) To provide cheap and expeditious remedy for the execution of money decree

Ans. (A)

Q.2. What is NOT TRUE with respect to doctrine of Restitution:

- (A) It is based upon the maxim actus curiae neminem gravabit
- (B) This doctrine contemplates the cases where property has been received in execution of a decree
- (C) Granting of restitution is discretionary power of the court
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (C)

Q. 3. Section 102 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 mentions certain cases where no second appeal shall lie. Which are those among the following:

- (A) Which pertain to matters relating to recovery of money
- (B) Suits including claims for loss suffered

- (C) Cases for recovery of article
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

Q.4. Necessary condition (s) for Review is/are:

- (A) Discovery of new and important facts
- (B) Where the case is one in which court has acted illegally while exercising its jurisdiction
- (C) Where the subordinate court is of the view that the impugned act, ordinance or regulation is *Ultra-Vires*.
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 5. Section 96 of Civil Procedure Code, 1908 provides for first appeal, which is a valuable right of parties. State what is true with respect to Section 96:

- (A) No appeal shall lie from a decree passed by court with the consent of parties.
- (B) Every litigant possess natural or inherent right to appeal against any order whether or not statute confers such right
- (C) An appeal shall lie against any finding which are recorded by Court even though such finding do not amount to decree or order.
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 6. Order 19 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 deals with:

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- (A) Disposal of suits at the first hearing
- (B) Adjournments
- (C) Affidavits
- (D) Execution of decrees and orders

Ans. (C)

Q.7. Which statement among the following is NOT TRUE:

- (A) A commission to examine witness can only be issued in the cases specified in Rule 1, Rule 4 and Rule 5 of Order 26 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (B) Officers, soldiers, sailors or airmen who cannot obtain leave may authorize any person to sue or defend for them
- (C) Provision of Order 30 applies to suits by or against firms including joint Hindu Family firms
- (D) Order 31 applies to suits by or against trustees, executors or administrators

Ans. (A,C)

Q. 8. Stay of suits under Section 10 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908 can be done on fulfillment of which of the following condition/s :

- (A) There must be two suits both instituted simultaneously
- (B) Parties of both the suits must be different
- (C) The matter in issue in both the suits must be substantially same
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (C)

Q. 9 . Different modes of execution of decrees are given under:

- (A) Section 50 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (B) Section 51 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (C) Section 52 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.

(D) Section 53 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.

Ans. (B)

Q.10. Among the following properties of a judgement debtor, which is not liable to be attached :

- (A) Bank notes and cheques.
- (B) Stipends and gratuities allowed to the pensioners of the Government
- (C) Government Securities
- (D) Shares in the Corporations.

Ans. (B)

Q.11. While filling a case against the Government, the procedure mentioned under which Section of Civil Procedure Code of 1908 is explicit and mandatory, and failure of its compliance debars the court from entertaining of the suit:

- (A) Section 79 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (B) Section 80 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (C) Section 81 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.
- (D) Section 82 of the Civil Procedure Code, 1908.

Ans. (B)

Q. 12. Which of the following statement/s is/are TRUE.

- (A) Where a husband sues for divorce and obtains an ex-parte decree and dies subsequently, wife can still move to set aside the decree so obtained.
- (B) A decision under Order 26 rule 5 is *res-judicata* when it is between the same parties
- (C) Where the subject matter of the suit is right to property and the legal representatives of the deceased wish to continue the suit as originally framed, the can be permitted only if they are natural heirs of the deceased

(D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 13. Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE:

(A) Article 358 deals with suspension of Provisions of Articles of Article 19 during emergencies

(B) Article 359 deals with financial emergency

(C) Article 361 deals with protection of the President and the Governor from criminal proceedings

(D) Article 348 deals with official language for communication between one State and another or between a State and the Union

Ans. (B,D)

Q. 14. Which of the following is TRUE with respect to Article 105 of the Indian Constitution :

(A) there shall be restriction on freedom of speech in Parliament

(B) No Member of Parliament shall be liable to any proceedings in any court in respect of anything said or any votes given by him in the Parliament

(C) No, officer or Member of Parliament in whom powers are vested by or under the Constitution for regulating procedure or conduct of the business shall be the subject to jurisdiction of any court.

(D) There shall be Supreme Court of India consisting of Chief Justice of India and not more than seven other Judge until prescribed by Parliament by law

Ans. (B,D)

Q. 15. Which statement is NOT TRUE with respect to money bills:

(A) It deals with imposition, abolition, remission, alteration or regulation of any tax

(B) Any bill providing for fines or other pecuniary penalties or demand or payment

for fees for licences or fees for services rendered or by reason that it provides for imposition, remission, abolition or alteration of any tax by any local authority or body for local purpose

(C) A money bill shall not be introduced in the council of states

(D) The decision of the speaker of the house of the people would be final while deciding the question about money bill

Ans. (B)

Q.16. India has Parliamentary democracy which envisages :

(A) Representation of the people

(B) Responsible government

(C) Accountability of the council of ministers to the legislature

(D) All of the above

Ans. (D)

Q. 17. Guardian -ad-litem is :

(A) A minor

(B) Any Party to the suit

(C) Minor's Plaintiff

(D) Minor's Defendant

Ans. (D)

18. What is TRUE with respect to Article 394-A of the Indian Constitution:

(A) It states that the authoritative text must be in Hindi

(B) It states that Articles 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 60, 324, 366, 367, 379, 380, 388, 391, 392 and 393 of the Indian Constitution shall come into force at once and remaining on 26th January, 1950

(C) It state that Parliament shall during a period of 5 years from the matters enumerated in concurrent list

(D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

19. Twelfth Schedule of the Indian Constitution deals with:

- I. Planning for Economic and Social Development
- II. Urban poverty Alleviation
- III. Promotion of cultural, educational and aesthetic aspects
- IV. Regulation of slaughter houses and tanneries

- a) I and II
- b) II and III
- c) III and IV
- d) I, II, III and IV

Ans. (D)

20. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE :

- (A) The Legislative Council of the state shall not be subject to dissolution, but as nearly as possible one-third of its members shall retire on expiry of every second year
- (B) If any question arises as to the age of the judge of the High Court, it shall be decided by Chief Justice of India and his decision shall be final
- (C) Appointment of person as district judge shall be made by the Chief Minister of the state in consultation with the governor of the state
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (A)

21. Which of the statements is/are TRUE among the following with respect to Member of Public Service Commission:

- (A) Chairman or any other member of Public Service Commission shall only be removed from his office by order of the President on ground of misbehavior after an inquiry held under Article 145 of the Constitution
- (B) Member of Public Service Commission can be removed when he is adjusted insolvent

- (C) Chairman or any other member of Public Service Commission can be removed if he engages himself in any contract made by him or on behalf of the government
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (D)

22. Match the following :

A. Special provision with respect to state of Nagaland	i) Article 371A
B. Special provision with respect to state of Assam	ii) Article 371B
C. Special provision with respect to state of Manipur	iii) Article 371C
D. Special provision with respect to state of Andhra Pradesh	iv) Article 371D

- | | A | B | C | D |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| a) | i | ii | iii | iv |
| b) | iv | ii | i | iii |
| c) | iv | iii | ii | i |
| d) | iii | i | ii | iv |

Ans. (A)

23. Which of the following statement(s) is/are NOT TRUE :

- I. Article 14-16, of the Indian Constitution when taken together enshrine the principle of equality and absence of discrimination
- II. Article 15 of the Indian Constitution is available to citizens only and it prohibits discrimination against any citizen in any matter on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place or birth
- III. Article 14 of the Indian Constitution is applicable to Indian citizens as well as aliens
- IV. Article 16 of the Indian Constitution is applicable to Indian citizens as well as aliens equally but it is restricted to public discrimination on the basis of employment

- a) I, II, III and IV
- b) II and IV
- c) I and II
- d) Only IV

Ans. (D)

24. Which among the following amendments of the Indian Constitution is known as Mini-Constitution:

- (A) 40th Amendment
- (B) 42nd Amendment
- (C) 45th Amendment
- (D) 46th Amendment

Ans. (B)

25. In which one of the following cases it was held by the Supreme Court that Article 356 emphasizes the federal character of the Constitution of India and the Court has imposed several procedural restraints on the exercise of power by the centre under that Article:

- (A) Hoechst Pharmaceuticals Ltd. Vs State of Bihar (1983) 4 SCC 45
- (B) Samsher Singh Vs State of Punjab (1974) 2 SCC 831
- (C) S.R. Bommal Vs UOI (1994) SC 1918
- (D) U N Rao Vs Indra Gandhi (1971) 2 SCC 63

Ans. (C)

26. Who of the following is competent to regulate the right of citizenship by law:

- (A) State Legislature
- (B) Parliament
- (C) President
- (D) Governor

Ans. (B)

27. In Which of the following years the preamble of the Constitution of India was amended:

- (A) 1951 (B) 1960
- (C) 1976 (D) 1980

Ans. (C)

28. "The preamble of the Constitution is part of the Constitution" In which one of the following cases this view was expressed.

- (A) In Re Berubari case AIR 1960 SC 856
- (B) Keshavanand Bharati Vs State of Kerala AIR 1973 SC 1461
- (C) Charan Lal Sahu Vs Union of India AIR 1990SC 1480
- (D) D.S. Nakara Vs Union of India AIR 1983 SC 130

Ans. (B)

29. If a Member of Parliament makes a speech in the House with respect to the conduct of a Judge of High Court, action can be taken against him by:

- (A) President
- (B) Vice President
- (C) Prime Minister
- (D) House

Ans. (D)

30. Which of the following is not charged on the Consolidated Fund of India:

- (A) The salary and allowances etc of the President of India
- (B) The pensions of the Judges of the High Courts
- (C) The salary and pensions of civil servants
- (D) Debt charges and costs of raising loans

Ans. (C)

31. In which one of the following lists, the preventive detention finds place:

- (A) State list
- (B) Concurrent List
- (C) Union List & Concurrent List
- (D) Union List

Ans. (C)

32. Who of the following headed the Bench of the Supreme Court which decided the Keshavanand Bharati Vs State of Kerala AIR 1973 SC 1461:

- (A) Mr. Justice A.N. Ray

- (B) Mr. Justice S.M. Sikri
- (C) Mr. Justice H.M. Beg
- (D) Mr. Justice H.R. Khanna

Ans. (B)

33. Where any State fails to give effect to direction given by the Union in the exercise of its executive powers, the President may hold that the government of the State can not be carried on in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution. Which of the following provisions is related to the above subject:

- (A) Article 345
- (B) Article 350
- (C) Article 356
- (D) Article 365

Ans. (D)

34. Which of the following subjects is not under the Union List:

- (A) Corporation Tax
- (B) Railways
- (C) Police
- (D) Arms and Explosives

Ans. (C)

35. "Reservation should benefit only those who belong to a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe and not those who claim to acquire the status by marriage". In which one of the following cases this view was expressed:

- (A) S. Pushpa Vs Sirachanmnga Vehi (2005) 3 SCC1
- (B) Punit Rai Vs Dinesh Chaudhary AIR (2003) SC 4355
- (C) Sobha Hymarathi Devi Vs. S.G. Swamy (2005) 2 SCC 244
- (D) Secretary of State of Karnataka Vs Uma Devi (s) (2006) 4 SCC1

Ans. (C)

36. In which one of the following cases it was held that the insertion of an Act in the

IXth Schedule of the Constitution will be subject to judicial review:

- (A) Maru Ram Vs Union of India AIR 1980 SC 2141
- (B) I.R. Coelho Vs State of Tamil Nadu AIR 2007 SC 861
- (C) I.C. Golaknath Vs State of Punjab AIR 1967 SC 1643
- (D) Sajjan Singh Vs State of Rajasthan AIR 1965 SC 45

Ans. (B)

37. The provisions relating to the Panchayats were incorporated in the Constitution of India by which one of the following amendments :

- (A) 42nd Amendment
- (B) 73rd Amendment
- (C) 48th Amendment
- (D) 75th Amendment

Ans. (B)

38. Which of the following is a decree:

- (A) Order directing stay of suit
- (B) Order remanding suit for fresh disposal
- (C) Order rejecting plaint on ground of non-payment of deficit court fee
- (D) Order returning plaint for presentation to proper court

Ans. (C)

39. In which one of the following cases the Supreme Court has held that "the inherent power has not been conferred on the court, it is a power inherent in the court by virtue of its duty to do justice between the parties before it":

- (A) Indian statistical Institute Vs Associated Builders AIR 1978 SC 335
- (B) Ganesh Vs Narendra AIR 1953 SC 431
- (C) Manohar Lal Vs Seth Hira Lal AIR 196 SC 527

(D) Buta Singh Vs Union of India AIR 1995 SC 1945

Ans. (C)

40. The provisions of Order VIII, Rule 1 of CPC are :

- (A) Directory and permissive
- (B) Mandatory and imperative
- (C) Optional under all circumstances
- (D) Discretionary under all circumstances

Ans. (A)

41. In which of the following cases the High Court can not exercise its revisional jurisdiction:

- (A) The lower court has exercised jurisdiction not vested in it by law
- (B) The lower court has failed to exercise jurisdiction vested in it
- (C) The lower court's order is appealable in the High Court
- (D) The lower court has acted in the exercise of its jurisdiction illegally

Ans. (C)

42. The principle relating to place of suing is provided in which of the following can amend the decree or order:

- (A) Section 13-20
- (B) Section 15-25
- (C) Section 63-26
- (D) Section 14-20

Ans. (B)

43. Where an Appellate Court dismisses an appeal summarily, who of the following can amend the decree or order:

- (A) High Court
- (B) Appellate Court
- (C) The Court which passed the decree or order
- (D) All of these

Ans. (C)

44. Against which one of the following orders no appeal lies:

- (A) An order for compensation for injunction on insufficient grounds
- (B) An order refusing leave to institute a suit
- (C) An order holding that the suit is bad for multifariousness
- (D) An order directing for payment of costs by way of compensation in cases of false claims

Ans. (C)

45. Who among the following can institute a suit for a public nuisance:

- (A) Advocate General acting ex-officio
- (B) Advocate General at the instance of relators
- (C) Two or more persons having obtained the leave of the court
- (D) Any individual in his own right

Ans. (A,C,D)

Q. 46. Order xxxix is related to which of the following subjects:

- (A) Suits by indigent persons
- (B) Interpleader Suit
- (C) Temporary Injunction an interlocutory orders
- (D) Appeals from original decrees

Ans. (C)

Q.47. Section 148-A is related to which one of the following topics:

- (A) Power of certain High Courts to make rules
- (B) Constitution of Rule Committee in certain cases
- (C) Right to lodge a Caveat
- (D) Enforcement of liability of security

Ans. (C)

Q.48. Where any party dies after conclusion and before pronouncing judgement:

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- (A) The suit shall abet
- (B) The suit shall not abet
- (C) The suit shall not abet if cause of action survives
- (D) It depends on the discretion of the court whether it shall abet

Ans. (B)

Q. 49. In which condition the officer in charge of the prison may refuse to produce the prisoner for evidence despite courts order:

- (A) Where the prisoner is related to the ruling party
- (B) Where the prisoner is Ex-Minister
- (C) Where the prisoner is Government servant
- (D) Where the medical officer has certified the prisoner is unfit to be removed

Ans. (D)

Q. 50. Attachment before judgement in a suit dismissed in default:

- (A) Revives automatically on the restoration of the suit
- (B) Does not revive automatically on the restoration of the suit
- (C) May or may not revive depending on the facts and circumstances of the case
- (D) None of the above

Ans. (C)

Q. 51. Doctrine of restitution is contained in :

- (A) Section 144 of CPC
- (B) Section 145 of CPC
- (C) Section 148 of CPC
- (D) Section 149 of CPC

Ans. (A)

Q. 52. A defendant to whom summons have been issued may:

- (A) Appear in person
- (B) Be represented by a duly recognized agent
- (C) Be represented by a pleader
- (D) All of the above

Ans. (D)

Q. 53. Imprisonment in execution of a decree can be:

- (A) Rigorous imprisonment
- (B) Simple imprisonment
- (C) Civil imprisonment
- (D) Either (A) or (B) or (C) as per the discretion of the Court

Ans. (C)

Q. 54. Article 25 of Constitution of India guarantees freedom of religion, but it is subject to:

- (A) Public order, morality, health and other fundamental rights
- (B) Public order, morality, health
- (C) Public order, morality, health and sovereignty and integrity of India
- (D) Public order, morality and secularism

Ans. (A)

Q. 55. "Excessive reservation would be fraud on the Constitution of India " was observed by the Supreme Court in:

- (A) Balaji Vs State of Mysore
- (B) Indira Swahney Vs Union of India
- (C) Devadasan Vs Union of India
- (D) Ajit Singh Vs State of Punjab

Ans. (A)

Q. 56. Whose decision is final regarding disqualification of a Member of either House of Parliament:

- (A) The Election Commission
- (B) The President
- (C) The Speaker of Lok Sabha
- (D) The Prime Minister

Ans. (B)

Q. 57. Freedom under Article 19 is:

- (A) Sacrosanct and inalienable
- (B) absolute without any restriction
- (C) Subject to reasonable restriction
- (D) Both (A) and (C)

Ans. (C)

Q. 58. Match the following:

(A) Right to go abroad	(1) Bhim Singh's case
(B) Prisoner's right	(2) Maneka Gandhi's case
(C) Death penalty	(3) Bachan Singh's case
(D) Government liability	(4) Sunil Batra's case

Codes

- (A) A-2, B-4, C-1, D-3
- (B) A-4, B-2, C-3, D-2
- (C) A-2, B-4, C-3, D-1
- (D) A-4, B-2, C-1, D-3

Ans. (C)

Q. 59. Propositions are:

1) When a question of law is raised for the first time in a court of last resort, upon the construction of document, or upon facts either admitted or proved beyond controversy, it is not only competent but expedient in the interest of justice, to entertain the plea.

ii) A new ground raising pure legal issue for which no inquiry or proof is required, can be raised at any stage.

ii) pure question of law can be raised at any stage of litigation.

In respect of the above said

- (A) Only 1) is correct.
- (B) i) and ii) are correct
- (C) ii) and iii) are correct
- (D) All are correct

Ans. (D)

Q. 60. Under Section 100A of the CPC, where any appeal from original or appellate decree or other is heard and decided by a single Judge of the High Court:

- (A) No further appeal shall lie from the judgment and decree of such single judge
- (B) Further appeal shall lie under the letter Patent for the High Court
- (B) Further appeal shall lie with the special leave of the High Court.
- (D) Further appeal shall lie before the Division Bench of the High Court.

Ans. (A)

Q. 61. A suit in representative capacity can be filed by virtue of:

- (A) Under Order 1, Rule 8 of the CPC
- (B) Under Order 1, Rule 9 of the CPC
- (C) Under Order 1, Rule 8A of the CPC
- (D) Under Order 1, Rule 10A of the CPC

Ans. (A)

Q. 62. Copy of the judgment shall be made available to the parties, under order XX, Rule 6B of CPC:

- (A) After 7 days from the pronouncement of judgment
- (B) Immediately after the pronouncement of judgment
- (C) After 14 days from the pronouncement of judgment
- (D) After 21 days from the pronouncement of judgment

Ans. (B)

Q. 63. When a suit is dismissed under the Order IX, Rule under Order IX, Rule 3 of CPC, a fresh suit under Order IX, Rule 4 of CPC having same cause of action is:

- (A) Maintainable under all the circumstances
- (B) Barred under all the circumstances
- (C) Not barred if within limitation

(D) None of the above

Ans. (C)

Q.64. Discovery by interrogatories and inspection has been provided

- (A) Under Order X of CPC
- (B) Under Order XI of CPC
- (C) Under Order XV of CPC
- (D) Under Order XVI of CPC

Ans. (B)

Q. 65. Precept is

- (A) A Transfer to the decree
- (B) An execution of decree
- (C) An order to another competent court to attack any property of the judgment debtor
- (D) All the above.

Ans. (C)

Q. 66. A 'garnishee' is

- (A) The judgment debtor
- (B) Judgment debtor's debtor
- (C) Judgment debtor's creditor
- (D) the banker of the judgment debtor

Ans. (B)

Q. 67. In an interpleader suit, there

- (A) Are several claimants claiming the property adverse to each other
- (B) Is only one claimant claiming the property against the other
- (C) Are several claimants claiming the property under common interest of all
- (D) None of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 68. A 'next friend' or guardian, under Order XXXII, Rule 7 of CPC

- (A) Can enter into an agreement without the leave of the court but cannot compromise a suit
- (B) Can neither enter into an agreement nor compromise the suit on behalf of a minor without the leave of the court

(C) Cannot enter into an agreement without the leave of the court but can enter into a compromise

(D) Cannot enter into an agreement and also compromise in a suit on behalf of a minor without the leave of the court.

Ans. (B)

Q. 69. A telephonic conversation was secretly tapped by the police while the Accused was having conversation with his friend. Can this lay basis for raising the issue validly that:

- (A) It infringes the Fundamental Right against testimonial compulsion under Article 20 (3) of the Constitution
- (B) It infringes the Fundamental Right of Privacy under Article 19 of the Constitution
- (C) It infringes the Fundamental Right guaranteed under Article 21 of the Constitution
- (D) there is no constitutional bar to the Prosecution

Ans. (C)

Q. 70. Match the following:

Article	Provisions
(A) 39 A	(i) Protection of Environment and Wild life
(B) 40	(ii) Equal Justice and Legal Aid
(C) 43 B	(iii) Organisation of Village Panchayat
(D) 48 A	(iv) Promotion of Co-Operative Societies

Codes:

- | | A | B | C | D |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (A) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (B) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |
| (C) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (D) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |

Ans. (C)

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Q. 71. More than 140 db sound will:

- (A) Cause pain and permanent hearing loss
- (B) Cause hearing loss only
- (C) Cause pain only
- (D) None of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 72. Solubility and availability of plant nutrients are more related to:

- (A) Soil colour
- (B) Soil P^h
- (C) Soil temperature
- (D) Soil porosity

Ans. (B)

Q. 73. Solubility and availability of plant nutrients are more related to:

- (A) Soil structure
- (B) Organic colloids
- (C) Crystalloid
- (D) None of the above

Ans. (B)

Q.74. The Study of interrelationship between living organisms and their environment is called:

- (A) Phytosociology
- (B) Ecology
- (C) phytogeography
- (D) Ecosystem

Ans. (B)

Q. 75. Water holding capacity is highest in:

- (A) Loamy soil
- (B) Clayey soil
- (C) Silty soil
- (D) Sandy soil

Ans. (B)

Q. 76. At what temperature, both Celsius and Fahrenheit scale read the same value:

- (A) -100°
- (B) -130°
- (C) -60°
- (D) -40°

Ans. (D)

Q. 77. Non-reacting have a tendency to mix with each other. This property I know as:

- (A) Diffusion
- (B) Fusion
- (C) Mixing
- (D) None of these

Ans. (A)

Q. 78. The present atomic Weight scale is:

- (A) C¹²
- (B) O¹⁶
- (C) H¹
- (D) C¹³

Ans. (A)

Q. 79. The electronic configuration of an atom is 1S², 2S², 2P³, the number of unpaired electrons in this atom is:

- (A) 1
- (B) 0
- (C) 3
- (D) 5

Ans. (C)

Q. 80. The colours of the fire crackers are extracted from the elements of the salt of:

- (A) Zn and S
- (B) K and Hg
- (C) Sr and Ba
- (D) Cr and Ni

Ans. (C)

Q. 81. Who among the following advocated partyless democracy in India:

- (A) M. N. Roy
- (B) Mahatma Gandhi
- (C) Acharya Narendra Dev
- (D) Ram Manohar Lohia

Ans. (A)

Q. 82. Birsa Munda was associated with tribal struggle of:

- (A) North East Region
- (B) Jharkhand
- (C) Nagpur Division
- (D) Deccan

Ans. (B)

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Q. 83. Who among the following was the first President of AITUC:

- (A) Joseph Baptista
- (B) Lala Lajpat Rai
- (C) B. P. Wadia
- (D) P. C. Joshi

Ans. (B)

Q. 84. Who among the following is associated with Eco-Feminism:

- (A) Sunam Sahi
- (B) Shabana Azmi
- (C) Vandana Shiva
- (D) Arundhati Roy

Ans. (C)

Q. 85. Who among the following was considered to be a forerunner of Backward Class Movement:

- (A) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
- (B) J. Phule
- (C) E. V. Ramaswamy Naicker
- (D) Ram Monohar Lohia

Ans. (B)

Q. 86. Which of the following scheme enters into Guinness Book of world records for world's largest cash transfer program:

- (A) PMDJY (B) SAFE
- (C) PMSBY (D) PAHAL

Ans. (D)

Q. 87. Which of the following launched new application (app) for providing on demand grocery delivery recently:

- (A) OLA (B) OLX
- (C) Uber (D) Flipkart

Ans. (A)

Q. 88. India will become the most populous nation by:

- (A) 2021 (B) 2022
- (C) 2020 (D) 2025

Ans. (B)

Q. 89. Who is the author of Sleeping Jupiter.

- (A) Anuradha Roy
- (B) Arundhati Roy
- (C) Arun Tiwari
- (D) None of the above

Ans. (A)

Q. 90. World day against Trafficking in persons is celebrated:

- (A) July 31 (B) July 29
- (C) July 30 (D) July 28

Ans. (C)

Q. 91. Lodi Sultans of Delhi were:

- (A) Turqs (B) Persians
- (C) Arabs (D) Afghans

Ans. (D)

Q. 92. Who Propagated Bhakti for first time in Maharashtra:

- (A) Namadeo
- (B) Gnanadeva
- (C) Merabai
- (D) Vallabhacharya

Ans. (B)

Q. 93. When did the East India Company lose its monopoly of Indian trade which was thrown open to all Britons?

- (A) 1813 (B) 1833
- (C) 1853 (D) 1793

Ans. (A)

Q. 94. Which famous Gurdwara did Sardar Hari Singh Nalwa build:

- (A) Gurdwara Panja Saheb
- (B) Gurdwara Hari Singh
- (C) Gurdwara Sir Attar Singh
- (D) Gurdwara Nanak Saheb

Ans. (A)

Previous Year Solved Papers

Q. 95. In Which of the following battles with the Sikhs did the Partisans of the holy war suffer a terrible defeat in which Syed Ahmed lost his life:

- (A) The Battle of Attock
- (B) The Battle of Amritsar
- (C) The Battle of Balakot
- (D) The Battle of Charsadda

Ans. (C)

Q. 96. Vipasa is the Sanskrit name of _____ river:

- (A) Sutlaj
- (B) Beas
- (C) Ravi
- (D) Ghaggr

Ans. (B)

Q. 97. Mattur Dam Stanley Reservoir is built across-----River

- (A) Periyar
- (B) Narmada
- (C) Krishna
- (D) Kaveri

Ans. (D)

Q. 98. Which one of the following nuclear plants is located in the state of Tamil Nadu:

- (A) Kudankulam
- (B) Kaiga
- (C) Tarapur
- (D) Kakrapur

Ans. (A)

Q. 99. Bharat Earth Movers industry is located in:

- (A) Pune
- (B) Bangalore
- (C) Hyderabad
- (D) Kochi

Ans. (B)

Q. 100. The Convention for the Protection of the Ozone Layer took place at:

- (A) Vienna
- (B) Rio-de-janeiro
- (C) Kyoto
- (D) Paris

Ans. (A)