

RESILIENCE LAW ACADEMY

PU Entrance (Solved Papers)

LLM 2022

1. Consider the following statements pertaining to Article 309 of the Constitution that is regulating the service conditions of employees:

- (A) Rules made by the President will be applicable irrespective of any Act passed by the Parliament
- (B) Rules made by the Governor will be applicable irrespective of any Act passed by State Legislature
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) Rules made by President or Governor are subject to any Act passed by Parliament or State Legislature

2. Consider the following statements regarding Administrative Tribunals?

- 1. They are quasi-judicial bodies**
- 2. They resolve disputes related to service conditions**
- 3. Provision regarding administrative Tribunal are incorporated in Constitution**
- 4. They are created both by Parliament and State Legislature**

Choose the correct answer

- (A) Both 1 and 2
- (B) 1, 2 and 3
- (C) 1, 2, 3 and 4
- (D) None of the above

3. Which of the following principles of AV Dicey pertaining to Rule of Law is not applicable in India?

- (A) Supremacy of Law
- (B) Equality before the Law
- (C) Predominance of legal spirit
- (D) None of these

4. The theory of Separation of Powers is well founded in:

- (A) Federal form of government
- (B) Presidential form of government
- (C) Parliamentary form of government
- (D) All the above

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5. The famous "Wednesbury Test" under administrative law is related to which of the following Doctrine?

- (A) *Audi Alteram Partem*
- (B) Natural Justice
- (C) Judicial review
- (D) Separation of Powers

6. Which of the following fundamental rights is not available to foreign nationals?

- (A) Article 19
- (B) Article 20
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of these

7. Chairperson of National Green Tribunal is appointed by?

- (A) Chief Justice of India
- (B) Central Government
- (C) Parliament
- (D) Senior most Judge of Supreme Court is automatically appointed

8. 104th Constitutional Amendment pertains to:

- (A) Constitutional Status to National commission for Backward Classes
- (B) Reservation for Economically Weaker Sections
- (C) Restore the power of State Govt. to identify OBC's
- (D) Remove the reserve seats for Anglo-Indian community.

9. Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) Ihering | i) Solidarity |
| b) Herbert Spencer | ii) A social Utilitarian |
| c) Comte | iii) Organic theory of society |
| d) Duguit | iv) Scientific Positivism |

Code:	(a)	b)	(c)	(d)	
(A)		ii	iii	iv	i
(B)		ii	iv	iii	i
(C)		iii	ii	iv	i
(D)		i	ii	iii	iv

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10. Which of the following features of Indian Constitution borrowed from USA?

- (A) Judicial Review
- (B) Procedure Established by Law
- (C) Advisory Jurisdiction of Supreme Court
- (D) None of the Above

11. Choose the correct statement with respect to right of self-determination?

- (A) It refers to the right of an individual to determine his own destiny
- (B) It is incorporated in Article 1 of UN Charter
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) In India there are no restriction on right of self determination

12. Consider the following statements with respect to Preamble?

- (A) Word integrity was added through 42nd amendment
- (B) It is non Justiciable
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) It acts as a source of power for Legislature

13. With respect to pardoning powers of Governor consider the following statements?

- (A) Governor can commute the death sentence
- (B) Governor can pardon the death sentence
- (C) Governor has pardoning powers with respect to Union Laws
- (D) Pardoning powers of Governors are restricted by Criminal Procedure Code

14. Ramsar Convention deals with conservation of?

- (A) Conservation of Birds
- (B) Conservation of Wetlands
- (C) Conservation of Tiger
- (D) Conservation of Agriculture lands

15. Vishakha v State of Rajasthan justified its decision based on multiple sources. They are:

(i) CEDAW

(ii) Beijing Statement of Principles of the Independence of the Judiciary

(iii) Legitimate Expectation Principle

Which among the above statements is/are true?

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- (A) Only (i)
- (B) (i) and (ii)
- (C) (ii) and (iii)
- (D) All of these

16. Theory of Recognition under international law is:

- (A) Traditional Theory
- (B) Declaratory/Evidentiary Theory
- (C) Monistic Theory
- (D) Dualistic Theory

17. As per Model law on Extradition, Conditions for extradition are:

- (A) The fugitive must be an Extraditable Person.
- (B) The fugitive must have committed Extraditable Crime
- (C) Rule of Double Criminality
- (D) All of the above

18. Environment Protection Act, 1986 came into force on:

- (A) 9th January 1986
- (B) 10th April 1986
- (C) 19th November 1986
- (D) 1st January 1987

19. As per Water Act, 1974 the Prohibition on use of stream or well for disposal of polluting matter carries penal consequences of:

- (A) Min. 1 year imprisonment and max. six years
- (B) Min. one year and six months imprisonment and max. six years
- (C) (A) and Fine
- (D) (B) and Fine

20. As per Wildlife Protection Act, 1972, vermin means any wild animal specified in:

- (A) Schedule II
- (B) Schedule III
- (C) Schedule IV
- (D) None of these

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21. Arjun Panditrao Khotkar vs Kailash Kushanrao Gorantyal is landmark Judgement on:

- (A) Electronic Evidence
- (B) Tape recorded Evidence
- (C) Dying Declaration
- (D) Conclusive proof of marriage

22. Who can be the adverse party with reference to section 137 Indian Evidence Act?

- (A) Plaintiff
- (B) Defendant
- (C) Proforma Defendant
- (D) Both A and B

23. Match the following

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| a) Exploitation of a trafficked person | 1. S. 366 B |
| b) Importation of a girl from a foreign country | 2. S. 366 A |
| c) Kidnapping for ransom | 3. S. 364 A |
| d) Procuration of a minor girl | 4. S. 370 A |

Code:	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A)	1	4	2	3
(B)	2	3	1	4
(C)	3	2	4	1
(D)	4	1	3	2

24. Match the correct ones:

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| a) <i>R v Tandy</i> | 1.S.81 IPC |
| b) <i>S. Varadarajan v State of Madras</i> | 2. S. 76 IPC |
| c) <i>R v Tolson</i> | 3. S. 304B IPC |
| d) <i>Harjit Singh v State of Punjab</i> | 4. S. 363 IPC |
| e) <i>R v Dudley and Stephens</i> | 5. S. 86 IPC |

Code:	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
(A)	1	5	4	2	3
(B)	3	2	1	4	5
(C)	5	4	2	3	1
(D)	2	3	5	1	4

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25. Doctrine of Res Ipsa Loquitor is embedded in which section of Indian Evidence Act?

- (A) Section 106
- (B) Section 6
- (C) Section 92
- (D) Section 102

26. Consider the following statements with respect to Leading Questions:

- (A) They cannot be asked in Examination in Chief if objected
- (B) They can be asked in Cross Examination even if objected
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) Only B

27. With respect to section 113A of Indian Evidence Act Presumption as to abetment of suicide by a married women consider the following statements:

- 1. Suicide is after the 7 years of marriage**
- 2. She was subjected to cruelty**
- 3. By Husband or his relatives**
- 4. Court shall presume that suicide had been abetted by her husband or by his**

relative

Choose the correct option

- (A) 1, 2, 3 and 4 are correct
- (B) 2, 3 and 4 are correct
- (C) 2 and 3 are correct
- (D) 1, 2 and 3 are correct

28. Consider the following statements with respect to recording of confessions and statements by Judicial Magistrate under Chapter 12 of Criminal Procedure Code:

- 1. The Statement cannot be recorded by Judicial Magistrate if he does not have Jurisdiction**
- 2. Statement is recorded under oath**
- 3. If person refuses to make a confession Magistrate will authorise the detention of such person in Police custody**
- 4. Confession is not recorded under Oath Choose the Correct option:**

- (A) 1, and 2 are correct
- (B) 1, 2 and 4 are correct
- (C) 2 and 4 are correct
- (D) 2, 3 and 4 are correct

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29. Who among the following can prosecute for offences against marriage under Chapter 20 of IPC?

- (A) State
- (B) Person aggrieved of offence
- (C) Any person can prosecute since it is a criminal offence
- (D) Relatives of such Person

30. With reference to Powers of Court to examine accused under Section 313 of Code of Criminal Procedure choose the correct statement?

- (A) Court can examine the accused at any stage only after warning the accused
- (B) If he gives false answers he will not render himself liable to punishment
- (C) Such examination will be on oath
- (D) Court is not bound to examine accused after witness for prosecution has been examined

31. Choose the wrong statement with reference to statements given to police:

- (A) It need not be signed by the person making it
- (B) It can be used for corroboration
- (C) Such statement can be used for purposed of Section 27 of Indian Evidence Act
- (D) A material omission may also amount to contradiction

32. Criminal Identification Act 2022 relates to:

- (A) Biometrics of Accused
- (B) Test identification parade
- (C) Records of dead body
- (D) All of these

33. Under section 125 of Code of Criminal procedure wife is not entitled to maintenance:

- (A) If she is living in adultery
- (B) Living separately by mutual consent
- (C) Refused to live with her husband without any sufficient reason
- (D) All of the above

34. A finds a valuable ring, not knowing to whom it belongs. A sells it immediately without attempting to discover the owner. A is:

- (A) Guilty
- (B) Not Guilty
- (C) Guilty of Theft

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(D) Guilty of Extortion

35. Who said, "Men who are guilty of crimes when condemned by the king become pure and go to heaven in the same way as good and virtuous men go"?

- (A) Austin
- (B) Bentham
- (C) Manu
- (D) Socrates

36. Match the correct ones:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| a) Punishment for belonging to a gang of dacoits | 1. S.399 IPC |
| b) Assembling for purpose of committing dacoity | 2. S. 400 IPC |
| c) Five or more persons conjointly committing or attempting to commit a robbery | 3.S.402 IPC |
| d) Preparation to commit dacoity | 4. S. 391 IPC |

Code:	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A)	4	1	3	2
(B)	1	4	2	3
(C)	2	3	4	1
(D)	3	2	1	4

37. What is minimum punishment provided in Indian Penal Code?

- (A) One month
- (B) Two months
- (C) 24 hours
- (D) 7 days (5)

38. In IPC an offence of cheating can happen with respect to:

- (A) Property
- (B) Person
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of these

39. Age of Consent in Indian Penal Code is:

- (A) 7 years
- (B) 12 years
- (C) 16 years

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(D) 18 years

40. Choose the correct statement with respect to Abetment of Conspiracy and Conspiracy to commit an offence under section 120A:

- (A) In Conspiracy to commit an offence an overt act is not necessary
- (B) In abetment to conspiracy overt act is not necessary
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of the Above

41. With respect to Pigeon Hole theory choose the correct answer:

- (A) All injuries done by one person to another are torts unless there is some justification recognized by law
- (B) There is a definite number of torts outside which liability in tort does not exist
- (C) It is given by Winfield
- (D) None of the above

42. The famous case of *Donoghue vs Stevenson* is based on which of the following tort:

- (A) Strict Liability
- (B) Negligence
- (C) *Volenti Non Fit Injuria*
- (D) Malicious Prosecution

43. Choose the wrong answer with respect to Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity:

- (A) State or the sovereign can commit no legal wrong and is immune from civil suits and criminal prosecution
- (B) State of Rajasthan vs Vidyawati is based on this doctrine
- (C) It applies to Government contract
- (D) It does not apply to Public Law remedies for the enforcement of Fundamental Rights

44. The maxim 'Novus Actus Interveniens' is related to:

- (A) Remoteness of Consequences
- (B) Possible Consequences
- (C) Direct Consequences
- (D) None of these

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45. Which of the following sections of Specific Relief Act deals with the Declaratory Decree?

- (A) Section 33
- (B) Section 35
- (C) Section 31
- (D) Section 34

46. Works committee, safety management committee and canteen committee are examples of:

- (A) Workers education schemes
- (B) Workers cooperatives
- (C) Workers Participation
- (D) Workers suggestions

47. In case of Misleading advertisement penalty can be imposed upon:

- (A) Manufacturer
- (B) Service Provider
- (C) Endorser and Publisher of such Misleading Advertisement
- (D) All of the Above

48. The recent case of Vineeta Sharma vs Rakesh Sharma deals with the following sections of Hindu Succession Act?

- (A) Section 6
- (B) Section 15
- (C) Section 16
- (D) Section 8

49. Consider the following statements with respect to Judicial Separation and Divorce:

- 1. In a petition for divorce court can pass decree of judicial separation even if not claimed by parties**
- 2. Divorce petition cannot be entertained prior to one year since the date of marriage**
- 3. Wife has special four grounds of divorce in addition to grounds mentioned in section 13(1)**
- 4. Saroj Rani vs Sudarshan Kumar is a landmark case on cruelty**

Choose the correct option

- (A) 1 and 4 are correct
- (B) 1, 2, 3 are correct

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(C) 2 and 3 are correct

(D) 1,2,3,4 are correct

50. Under Muslim Law Mother's right to have custody of minor child is known as:

(A) Hizanat

(B) Hazina

(C) Khula

(D) Ahula

51. Who are the natural guardians under Section 6 of Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act?

(A) Testamentary Guardian

(B) Father

(C) De Jure guardian

(D) All of these

52. Doctrine of Lis Pendens is incorporated in which of the sections of Transfer of Property Act?

(A) Section 51

(B) Section 52

(C) Section 55

(D) Section 62

53. Which of the following describes the Doctrine of Subrogation under section 92 of transfer of property Act?

(A) Any person apart from the mortgagor who has an interest in the mortgaged property or in the equity of redemption, is entitled to be subrogated in place of mortgagee

(B) Any person including the mortgagor who has an interest in the mortgaged property or in the equity of redemption, is entitled to be subrogated in place of mortgagee

(C) Both A and B

(D) None of the Above

54. in which of the following mortgages, the mortgagor is required to deliver possession of the mortgaged property to the mortgagee?

(A) English mortgage

(B) Mortgage by conditional sale

(C) Usufructuary mortgage

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(D) Anomalous mortgage

55. Choose the wrong statement with respect to Decree?

- (A) Decree can be both Preliminary and final
- (B) Appeal can be filed even on Preliminary Decree
- (C) If time of appeal of preliminary decree has expired then it cannot be appealed from in an appeal against final decree
- (D) Return of Plaintiff has a status of deemed decree

56. With the respect to Mesne Profits choose the wrong statement?

- (A) Profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property actually received
- (B) Profits which the person in wrongful possession of such property might have received
- (C) Does not include profits due to improvement made by person in wrongful possession
- (D) None of the above is wrong

57. Choose the wrong Statement with respect to Second Appeal under Section 100 of Code of Civil Procedure:

- (A) It can lie to Session Court
- (B) It can be filed only on substantial question of Law
- (C) In case of recover of money below 25 thousand rupees no second appeal can be filed
- (D) Court can also hear on any other substantial question of law not formulated by it

58. Ravinder Grewal vs Manjit Kaur is related to which of the following concepts of Limitation Law?

- (A) Condonation of Delay
- (B) Effect of Acknowledgement
- (C) Acquisition of Easement by Prescription
- (D) Adverse Possession

59. Which of the following Legal Disabilities are covered under Section 6 of Limitation Act?

- (A) Minor
- (B) Idiot
- (C) Physical disability
- (D) Both A and B

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60. Consider the following statements with respect Acknowledgement of Liability under Section 18 of Limitation Act to

- 1. Acknowledgement can be before the expiration of prescribed period**
- 2. Acknowledgement can be after the expiration of prescribed period**
- 3. It can be written or oral**
- 4. It furnishes a new cause of action Choose the correct answer**

- (A) Only 1 is correct
- (B) 1 and 3 are correct
- (C) 1 and 4 are correct
- (D) 1,2,3,4 are correct

61. Absolute and unqualified acceptance under Section 7(1) of the Indian Contract Act means:

- (A) It should not be conditional
- (B) It should not be partial; and
- (C) It should not be provisional
- (D) All above

62. "A contract which ceases to be enforceable by law becomes void when it ceases to be enforceable" is dealt with which section:

- (A) Section 2(g)
- (B) Section 2(j)
- (C) Section 2(i)
- (D) Section 2(h)

63. What is Nature of a contract under Indian Law where fraud is committed by one party but the consent of others is not caused by fraud?

- (A) Valid
- (B) Void
- (C) Voidable
- (D) Invalid

64. What is nature of an Agreement to which the consent of the promisor is freely given but the consideration is inadequate:

- (A) Valid
- (B) Void
- (C) Voidable

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(D) Invalid

65. In which case it was held by the Apex Court that a wagering agreement is void and unenforceable but it is not forbidden by law:

- (A) *Gherulal Parakh v Mahadeodass*
- (B) *Badridas Kothari v Meghraj Kothari*
- (C) *Gulam Mustaffakhan v Padamsi*
- (D) *Satyabrata Ghosh v Mugneeram*

66. The consideration must be:

- (A) Need not be adequate
- (B) Adequate
- (C) Substantially adequate
- (D) None of these

67. Khan Gul vs Lakha Singh is a case on:

- (A) Minors contract
- (B) Section 33 of Specific Relief Act
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) Offer must be communicated

68. As per Section 12 of the Sale of Goods Act 1930 a stipulation may be:

- (A) Condition
- (B) Warranty
- (C) Both A and B
- (D) None of these

69. Which of the following(s) is/are exception(s) to General Rule relating to transfer of title i.e., *Nemo dat quod non habet* (nobody can give what he has not got)

- (A) Sale under the implied authority of the owner, or transfer of title by estoppel
- (B) Sale by a mercantile agent.
- (C) Sale by one of the joint owners
- (D) All above

70. Which of the following are methods for Termination of the right of stoppage in Transit under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930?

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- (A) When the buyer takes delivery
- (B) When the carrier or the other bailee acknowledges to the buyer
- (C) When the carrier wrongfully refuses to deliver the goods to the buyer
- (D) All of the above

71. As per the Company Act 2013, the minimum number of members which are required while for registering a public company is:

- (A) 2
- (B) 6
- (C) 7
- (D) 5

72. Which Section of the Company Act 2013 deals with Content of Memorandum of Association:

- (A) Section 12
- (B) Section 6
- (C) Section 4
- (D) Section 15

73. A company can change its articles by passing:

- (A) Ordinary resolution
- (B) Normal resolution
- (C) Special Resolution
- (D) None of the above

74. With respect to four labour codes passed by Parliament recently consider the following statements?

- 1. Code on Wages 2019 applies to workers in organized sector only**
- 2. Code on occupation safety 2020 seeks to regulate the health and Safety conditions of workers in establishments with 10 or more Workers, and in all mines and docks**
- 3. the Code on Social Security, 2020 consolidates law related to social security and maternity benefits**
- 4. The Code on Industrial Relations, 2020 seeks to consolidate three labour laws namely, The Industrial Disputes Act, 1947: The Trade Unions Act, 1926 and The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946**

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Choose the correct option

- (A) 1 and 3 are correct
- (B) 3 and 4 are correct
- (C) 2, 3 and 4 are correct
- (D) 1,2,3,4 are correct

75. An instrument in writing containing an unconditional order, signed by the maker, directing a certain person to pay a certain sum of money only to a certain person, or to the order of, or the bearer of the instrument is:

- (A) Promissory Note
- (B) Bill of Exchange
- (C) Cheque
- (D) None of these

76. Types of crossing of the cheque under the NI Act can be:

- (A) General Crossing
- (B) Special/Restrictive Crossing
- (C) Both (A) & (B)
- (D) None of these

77. Types of dissolution of the partner firm are:

- (A) Dissolution by agreement
- (B) Compulsory dissolution
- (C) Dissolution on the happening of certain contingencies
- (D) All of the Above

78. Where no provision is made by contract between the partners for the duration of their partnership, or for the determination of their partnership, the partnership is:

- (A) Partnership at will
- (B) Partnership for a fixed term
- (C) Both (A) & (B)
- (D) None of these

79. Under which Section of LLP Act 2008 definition of LLP is given as partnership formed and registered under the LLP Act:

- (A) Section 2(m)
- (B) Section 2 (n)

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- (C) Section 2 (o)
- (d) Section 2 (p)

80. Types of Anti-competitive agreements mentioned under Indian Competition Act 2002 are:

- (A) Horizontal
- (B) Vertical
- (C) Both A&B
- (D) None of these

81. What is the normal time limit for disposal of the RTI request from the date of its receipt?

- (A) 15 days
- (B) 20 days
- (C) 30 days
- (D) 45 days

82. under Section 7(9) of RTI Act, 2005, information shall ordinarily be provided in the form in which it is sought unless it would:

- (A) Disproportionately divert the resources of the public authority
- (B) Would be detrimental to the safety or preservation of the record in question
- (C) Both (A) and (B)
- (D) None of these

83. Which section(s) of RTI Act, 2005 mention(s) "exemption from disclosure of information"?

- (A) Section 5
- (C) Section 7
- (B) Section 6
- (D) Section 8

84. Under Section 6(3) of RTI Act, 2005 the CPIO of one public authority has to transfer the application to another public authority within how many days of its receipt?

- (A) three days
- (B) five days
- (C) two days
- (D) six days

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85. In which year the United Nation's Principles on Freedom of Information ,were adopted:

- (A) 2000
- (B) 2001
- (C) 2002
- (D) 2003

86. A second appeal against the decision under section 19(3) shall lie within ____ days from the date on which the decision should have been made or was received, with the Central Information Commission or the State Information Commission:

- (A) 30
- (B) 60
- (C) 90
- (D) 120

87. Who has power to revoke and suspend the licence of the Certifying authority under the Information Technology Act, 2000 as amended in 2008 which:

- (A) The Controller of the Certifying authority
- (B) The Controller of the companies
- (C) Central Government
- (D) State government

88. Compensation for failure to protect sensitive personal data is mentioned in the following section of the Information Technology Act 2000 as amended in 2008:

- (A) Section 43
- (B) Section 43A
- (C) Section 44
- (D) Section 44A

89. Which section of the Information Technology Act 2000 as amended in 2008 deals with the validity of contracts formed through e-form:

- (A) Section 9
- (B) Section 9A
- (C) Section 10
- (D) Section 10A

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90. Which section of the Information Technology Act 2000 as amended in 2008 punishes the Theft of identity?

- (A) Section 66B
- (B) Section 66C
- (C) Section 66D
- (D) Section 66E

91. Maximum punishment for Publishing or transmitting material depicting children in the sexually explicit act, etc., in e-form upon first conviction is:

- (A) Imprisonment up to 5 Years and fine up to 10 lakh rupees
- (B) Imprisonment up to 5 Years and fine up to 15 lakh rupees
- (C) Imprisonment up to 7 Years and fine up to 10 lakh rupees
- (D) Imprisonment up to 7 Years and fine up to 15 lakh rupees

92. Provisions of which Act provide that cyber offence punishable with imprisonment of three years and above must be cognizable and the offence punishable with imprisonment of three years must be bailable:

- (A) The Information Technology Act 2000
- (B) The Information Technology Act 2000 as amended in 2008
- (C) IPC, 1872
- (D) Cr PC, 1973

93. As per Indian Copyright Law, Fair use does not mean:

- (A) Use for research
- (B) Use for review
- (C) Use for non-commercial purposes
- (D) Use for commercial purposes

94. Berne Convention of 1886 was for:

- (A) Protection of Literary and Artistic Works
- (B) For Performances and Phonograms
- (C) For Trade Marks
- (D) Patent

95. Patent Cooperation Treaty (P.C.T), 1970 was signed at:

- (A) Washington
- (B) Davos

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- (C) Singapore
- (D) Russia

96. Under which Section Invention under the Indian Patent Act, 1970 means a new product or process involving an inventive step and capable of industrial application.

- (A) Section 2(1) (i)
- (B) Section 2(1) (j)
- (C) Section 2(1) (k)
- (D) Section 2(1)(1)

97. The Trademark Act came into force:

- (A) 1957
- (B) 1970
- (C) 2000
- (D) 1999

98. Choose the correct statement with respect to Trademark Act 1999:

- (A) A person who is owner of unregistered Trade Mark cannot sue for damages if infringement happens
- (B) A person who has registered trademark has the exclusive right to use against another person who is owner of same trademark but is unregistered
- (C) Trademark devoid of any distinctive character can be registered
- (D) None of the Above

99. Which Section of Design Act, 2000 deals with

- (A) Section 3
- (B) Section 4
- (C) Section 5
- (D) Section 6

100. The Basmati Controversy was an eye opener and after that Indian enacted

- (A) Patents Act
- (B) Geographical Indication Act
- (C) Trademark Act
- (D) None of the Above

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Answer Key – 2022 LL.M. (PU)

1 C	2 B	3 C	4B	5C	6C	7B	8D	9 A	10A
11 C	12C	13A	14B	15D	16B	17D	18C	19D	20D
21A	22D	23D	24C	25A	26C	27C	28C	29B	30B
31B	32A	33D	34A	35C	36C	37C	38C	39B	40A
41 B	42B	43C	44A	45D	46C	47D	48A	49B	50A
51B	52B	53A	54C	55D	56D	57A	58D	59D	60A
61D	62B	63A	64A	65A	66A	67C	68C	69D	70D
71C	72C	73C	74C	75B	76C	77D	78A	79B	80C
81C	82C	83D	84B	85A	86C	87A	88B	89D	90B
91A	92B	93D	94A	95A	96B	97D	98A	99X	100B

Note: An 'X'(if any) in the key indicates that either the question is ambiguous or it has printing mistake. All candidates will be given credit for this question.